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Dear Students,

Welcome to the University of Pisa! Founded in 1343, the University is one of the oldest and most prestigious universities in Italy. It reflects a historical and cultural heritage of great value, which Pisa and Italy are very proud of.

Galileo Galilei, considered the father of modern science, studied and taught at the University of Pisa. The University is also famous for having three Nobel prize winners amongst its professors: Giuseppe Carducci (Literature, 1906), Enrico Fermi (Physics, 1938) and Carlo Rubbia (Physics, 1984).

Due to the quality of the teaching and the excellence of the research, a degree from the University of Pisa is a strong point in the curriculum of many professionals, including scientists, intellectuals and leading politicians in Italy and Europe.

But Pisa can offer even more: famous across the world for the Leaning Tower and its enchanting historical centre, this beautiful Tuscan city with a pleasant climate is located just a few kilometres from the sea and is in fact perfect for students. The city has a lively cultural side. This culminates in the “Giugno pisano” in which throughout the month of June there are important events and traditional festivals that attract many visitors and tourists.

We know however that you will need a bit of time and help to adjust. This guide, designed for you, will provide you with practical information that will allow you to deal with your first few days in Pisa and help you integrate quickly into life at our University.

If you have any questions do not hesitate to contact us!

The International Office staff
Due to its geographical position, its numerous and convenient roads and rail links, and its large international airport, Pisa is the ideal departure point to explore the landscapes, sea, famous cities and enchanting villages found in Tuscany. Beyond the borders of Tuscany, there isn’t a corner of Italy that doesn’t deserve at least one visit; the nature, history, art and culture, as well as the traditions and food, make this country a unique place in the world. Every year there are over 47 million tourists who travel along the Italian peninsula, attracted by the charm of the landscapes, but also by the richness of the archaeological and historical heritage and more generally for what has become famous across the world as the inimitable Italian style of life.
Upon your arrival in Italy you will discover that in order to organise and manage your new daily life, you will first have to deal with certain bureaucratic issues. Some of these issues concern the documents which are necessary to live and travel within Italy. If you’re a citizen of a country which is neither part of the European Union nor of the European Economic Area, obtaining these documents will be a longer and more complex process. In fact, you will have to carefully organise your stay and make sure that all the necessary documents are in order before coming to Italy.

1. Before you leave

EU citizens

Those who intend to stay in Italy for more than 3 months must present themselves to the Registry office at the town hall (see paragraph entitled “Registration”). Before you leave, check the validity and expiration date of your identity card or passport. Remember to also bring your European Health Insurance Card, or EHIC. If you have any health problems or would like to permanently reside in Italy, you will need to bring other documents with you. You can find them listed at www.unipi.it/health-insurance

Non-EU citizens

Entry Visa

Those who have an entry visa for study reasons can be enrolled at the University of Pisa.
2. On arrival

Tax Code
On your arrival, you need to go to the Italian tax authority as soon as possible to request your tax code. You can find all the information about this procedure at www.unipi.it/tax-code

EU citizens
Enrolment at the University of Pisa
If you wish to enrol in a Bachelor’s or Master’s degree programme, in a Doctorate programme or in a One-Year Specialisation programme, please read the information and follow the procedures described here at www.unipi.it/eu-student-enrolment

Registration at the Town hall
EU citizens who decide to stay in Italy for longer than 3 months must register at the ‘ufficio Anagrafe’ (Vital Records Office) of the Town Hall in Pisa or in the city where you decide to live. If the stay is for study reasons or professional training, please present the documents listed at: http://www.comune.pisa.it/uploads/2012_10_3_11_57_12.pdf After you have completed your enrolment and have found accommodation, please contact the ‘ufficio Anagrafe’ (Vital Records Office) of the municipality in which you live to ask questions and to register. If it’s in Pisa, use this link: www.comune.pisa.it/it/ufficio/1333/anagrafe-toponomastica.html

Non-EU citizens
Residency permit
Non-EU citizens who decide to stay in Italy for more than 3 months must request a residency permit within 8 working days of their arrival in Italy.

Enrolment at the University of Pisa
Along with the request for a residency permit, you must proceed with enrolment at the University of Pisa. The procedure is described in detail at this webpage:
www.unipi.it/noneu-student-enrolment

Erasmus
If you are an Erasmus student, read the webpage dedicated to Erasmus students and follow the instructions published here http://erasmus.unipi.it and www.unipi.it/erasmus-programme

Residency permit
If you need help obtaining your residency permit, you can go to one of the “Patronati” present in Pisa; these offices will help you for free. All the information is on this webpage:
www.unipi.it/residency-permit
4 Check-list for EU citizens

- Passport or national identity card
- EHIC
- In special cases, health insurance or an EU certificate confirming health insurance coverage

Documents required to enrol in a Bachelor’s or a Long Single Cycle degree programme

- High School diploma: either the original or an authenticated copy, legalized (or with an “apostille”), officially translated into Italian and validated by the Italian authorities in your country;
- Declaration of value of the diploma, issued by the Italian diplomatic authorities in your country, which must include at least 12 years of schooling

Documents required to enrol in a Master’s degree programme

- Bachelor’s Degree or equivalent of a first level academic degree, in its original version or an authenticated copy, legalized (or with an “apostille”), officially translated into Italian and validated by the Italian authorities in your country
- Declaration of value issued by the Italian diplomatic authorities of the country where the studies were carried out or Diploma Supplement instead
- University transcript, with the list of courses, with a list of courses taken with an official translation in Italian, validated by the Italian diplomatic authorities in your country
- Content description of each course taken written on the University’s official letterhead stationary or validated with the University stamp.

Erasmus students:

You must bring a declaration issued by your home university which clearly states that you are an Erasmus student

5 Check-list for non-EU citizens

- Passport
- Entry visa (type “D”)
- Health insurance coverage (www.unipi.it/health-coverage)
- Certificate showing that you have been issued a scholarship or a bank document that demonstrates the possession of sufficient means and economic resources for your stay in Italy (around 450 euros a month for the whole academic year)

Documents required to enrol in a Bachelor’s or in a Long Single Cycle degree programme

- High School diploma: either the original or an authenticated copy, legalized (or with an “apostille”), officially translated into Italian and validated by the Italian authorities in your country
- Declaration of value of the diploma, issued by the Italian diplomatic authorities in your country, which must include at least 12 years of schooling

Documents required to enrol in a Master’s degree programme or in a One-Year Specialization programme (Master di I/II livello)

- Bachelor’s Degree or equivalent of a first level academic degree, in its original version or an authenticated copy, legalized (or with an “apostille”), officially translated into Italian and validated by the Italian authorities in your country
- Declaration of value issued by the Italian diplomatic authorities of the country where the studies were carried out or Diploma Supplement instead
- University transcript with the list of courses with, a list of courses taken with an official translation in Italian, validated by the Italian diplomatic authorities in your country
- Content description of each course taken written on the University’s official letterhead stationary or validated with the University stamp.

Erasmus students:

- You must bring a declaration issued by your home university which clearly states that you are an Erasmus student
- Entry visa and residency permit (www.unipi.it/entry-visa)
1. Academic calendar

The academic calendar is divided into two semesters: the first lasts from the end of September to February and the second from the end of February to July. Lessons usually start at the end of September and they finish halfway through December. They restart at the end of February and finish at the end of May. The exams from the first semester are held during the months of January and February and those in the second semester are in the months of June and July. Each department publishes its own academic calendar with a timetable of lessons and the dates of the exams.

2. Credits and grades

In Italy, degree programmes are measured in terms of University Formative Credits (CFU). These are equivalent to the European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS) credits. Each CFU will require about 25 hours of lessons and study time. Each year, a full time student should obtain 60 credits by passing exams. This corresponds to about 1500 hours of work. The exam itself is evaluated in terms of a grade, expressed by a number between 0 and 30. The minimum passing grade is 18. The maximum grade is 30. Students whose exam is considered exceptional may receive 30 ‘con lode’ (cum laude).
3. Degree programmes

International students can choose to enrol in a degree programme or single courses if they are exchange students such as Erasmus or Science without Borders. In this case they have to organize a learning agreement with one of their coordinators. Most degree programmes are held in Italian, but there are 9 Master’s degree programmes in engineering, economics and computer science and other degree programmes like the One-year specialisation programmes (Master di I/II livello) which are taught in English. Starting in the 2015-2016 academic year, we will offer an International Programme which is equivalent to the first year of study within 4 Bachelor’s degree programmes in Humanities.

4. Fees

The amount of the university fee for enrolment in a degree programme depends on the student’s country of origin and can vary from a minimum of €407 to a maximum of €2,354.

5. Extraordinary contribution

Every year the University of Pisa offers an extraordinary contribution to certain groups of international students, which generally consists of benefits and services such as free accommodation or a reduced fee for the first few months of residency, free Italian language courses, dining hall discounts, etc.

6. DSU scholarships

Students can apply to the DSU for a scholarship and have their university fees paid in full or reduced depending on their family income. The full scholarship includes free meals and accommodation and the supply of a monthly contribution for any additional costs (sport, books etc). The annual announcement for the DSU scholarship is published in July on the site www.dsu.toscana.it

7. Dining halls

Students can benefit from the dining hall service at affordable prices. There are three dining halls in Pisa which serve daily meals, including a gluten free menu. The cost depends on family income and it can range from a free meal for those with the DSU scholarship to a maximum of €4 for a full meal. To access the dining hall, you need your personal dining hall card, which all students receive when they enrol at UNIPI.
8. Sports

The University Sports Centre in Pisa (CUS) is part of the Italian Olympic Committee, or CONI, and it offers the possibility to practice sports such as tennis, volleyball, basketball, rugby and field hockey, etc., as well as a large number of fitness courses including aerobics, gymnastics, yoga and pilates. The membership card and the use of equipment is free, but participating in activities under the guidance of an instructor costs around €55-60 every term. If you want to sign up to the CUS you have to bring with you a medical certificate for non-competitive sporting activities.

9. Libraries

The library and archive system of the University of Pisa is made up of 17 libraries, as well as the University archives and the Centre of documentation for administrative services.

10. Study rooms

The five study rooms are open from morning until late at night and are open on bank holidays.

11. Museums

The University of Pisa has built up an extraordinary museum heritage over time. The collections and museums, which make up the University Museum System, recount some of the most important stages of the evolution of scientific thought and European culture up until today. The Museum System is divided into offices, museums and collections located in the historic centre of the city, with the exception of the Natural History Museum, which is in Calci, a few kilometres from Pisa.

12. USID - Assistance for students with Special Needs

The University of Pisa has been progressively working towards the removal of any obstacles that prevent special needs students from fully experiencing university life. For this reason, the Service unit for the Integration of Students with Special Needs, or USID, offers a variety of services including assistance with exams, academic tutoring, transport or assistance for those with mobility problems and assistive technology.
1. Communicating

Tuscany is the birthplace of the Italian language. Modern Italian descends from the Tuscan dialect and the Florentine literature of the fourteenth century. At the University, the use of English and the other main European languages is quite widespread, but for living in Pisa and interacting with the locals, knowing at least some basic Italian is essential.

- If you are a non-EU citizen and wish to enrol at the University of Pisa you have to pass an Italian language test or demonstrate that you possess a certificate of Italian knowledge with at least a B2 level
- If you are an EU citizen, after enrolment at the University of Pisa, we suggest that you attend an Italian language course organised at the CLi, the University Language Centre (www.cli.unipi.it)
- If you are an Erasmus student, on your arrival in Pisa you can freely attend an Italian language course organised by the CLi.

2. Living

Most buildings of the University of Pisa are located within the old city rather than on an independent campus. This means that the University is not able to accommodate all of its students. However you can easily find a place to live, especially if you are willing to share an apartment with other university students. The average cost of a single room is about €350 per month.
To find accommodation, you can:

- contact a real estate agency
- look at adverts published on bulletin boards in the University Departments and in the dining halls
- consult the website https://housinganywhere.com which is an international “student to student” platform for finding a room
- seek assistance from the DSU Toscana, which offers all students free expert advice on how to find a place to stay. In addition, every year the DSU issues a call for applications for the allocation of available places in their structures.

3. Eating

Pisa has a large variety of places where you can eat (typical and ethnic restaurants, wine bars, pubs, taverns, pizzerias, sandwich shops, fast food, snack bars and self service). The cost of a meal can vary a lot. A full meal in a simple restaurant may cost €10-20, or you can have appetizers and a drink which costs between €3-5.

4. Moving about the city

Bicycles are the most convenient and popular means of transport. In the historic centre of Pisa, you can move about quickly and safely on a bike. You can hire a bike or subscribe to Ciclopi, the new bike sharing service in Pisa (www.ciclopi.eu). Buses are also available with a reduced fee for students.

5. Opening a bank account

Before opening a bank account, it’s useful to check the fees charged by different banks. In general, online bank accounts and those reserved for students offer more options. When you open a bank account, you have to fill in some forms and present your passport (or national identity card), tax code and a certificate of enrolment at the University.

6. Shopping

The main shopping streets in Pisa are Borgo Stretto, Borgo Largo and Corso Italia. Here you will find many large chain clothes stores, but also luxury boutiques. In the city centre there is also the Piazza delle Vettovaglie which has fruit and vegetable stalls and grocery stores. On the outskirts of the city there are also some supermarkets and shopping malls.

7. Free time

Cultural life in Pisa revolves around the many museums, associations, cinemas and theatres, often at discounted rates for students. There are also many events which liven up the city, from festivals to historical events and folklore (among them the Luminara and the Gioco del Ponte), especially during the “Giugno Pisano”. In the evening the historic centre becomes the place for nightlife and is always full of students.
8. Health

Voluntary registration to the Italian National Health Service (SSN) guarantees medical care for all Italian citizens as well as all EU and non-EU citizens.

For EU citizens

If necessary, EU citizens who have the EHIC can request free assistance from any Italian doctor specialized in general medicine. EU citizens who do not have the EHIC have to pay for a visit. EU citizens who have to register at the Town hall’s Registry Office where they live (for stays longer than 3 months) or who need continual medical assistance, may enrol in the Italian National Health Service by going to the office called “Ufficio Estero e Rapporti Internazionali” at USL 5 Toscana (Health district at via Garibaldi 198, email estero.pisa@usl5.toscana.it).

To enrol, you need:

• an identity document
• your tax code
• a certificate concerning health insurance coverage (E106, E109 or S1).

www.usl5.toscana.it/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=9425&Itemid=6542

For non-EU citizens

Health insurance coverage for medical care or hospitalization is required to obtain an entry visa for Italy and then later the residency permit. Prior to arrival in Italy you can choose from one of the three documents on the list:

• Consular declaration demonstrating the right to health care on the basis of a specific international agreement
• Foreign insurance policy with a consular declaration of validity in Italy, specifying the terms and forms of assistance provided
• Insurance policy taken out with Italian entities or companies under an agreement with the Ministry of Health.

On arrival in Italy, to request a residency permit (which must be submitted within 8 working days), we suggest that you register for free to the Italian National Health Service. You can do this at the office called “Ufficio Estero e Rapporti Internazionali” at USL 5 Toscana (Health district at via Garibaldi 198, email estero.pisa@usl5.toscana.it). To enrol, you need:

• your passport
• your tax code
• your entry visa

You will be asked to pay €150 by postal order (available at any post office) as indicated on the webpage www.unipi.it/health-insurance. After this payment you can choose your doctor and have a right to free assistance.
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